

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

### Section 1 - Material Identification

Product: Manufacturer: Master Wall Inc.

WeatherStop Flashing/Sheathing Address: 6975 Flat Rock Road

Tape Midland, GA 31820

Date Issued: 7/2/2001 Revised 1/1/10 Telephone: 706-569-0092

<u>www.masterwall.com</u>

## Section 2 - Hazard Ingredients/Identity Information

Ingredients	CAS#	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	%
Asphalt				
(petroleum;				
bitumen)	8052-42-4	0.5	0.5	60 to 80
Calcium				
Carbonate	1317-65-3	5	10	10 to 20
Resins and				
Polymers	N/A	NE	NE	10 to 20

## Section 3 - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

**Boiling Point:** N/A 1.3 Specific Gravity (H<sub>2</sub>O=1): N/A Not Determined Melting Point: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density (AIR=1): N/A Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): N/A Insoluble Solubility in Water: Appearance and Odor: Solid black tape with a white/tan wrapping and no odor.

## **Section 4 - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data**

Flash Point (Method Used) >320F Flammable Limits: LEL N/A UEL N/A

Use foam or dry chemical to extinguish fire. Use fog nozzles if water is used. Water streams may cause violent eruptions and spread the burning of asphalt. Use water to cool fire exposed

Extinguishing Media: containers and structures.

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-continued breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Do not allow run-off from the fire to enter drains or water courses.

Product will burn if exposed to elevated temperatures or fire. Hot asphalt may ignite

flammable fumes on contact. Toxic vapors including hydrogen sulfide may be released upon combustion. Hydrogen sulfide vapors an heavier than air, may

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: accumulate in low areas aid flashback if ignited.



Section 5 - Reactivity Data							
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid:	Stable under norm	nal storage and handling conditions.		
	Stable	Х					
Incompatibil	ity (Materials to A	Avoid):	Strong oxidizers. Avoi	d water if product is mo	olten.		
Carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, hydrogen sulfide, acrolein, aldehydes, ketones and unidentified organic compounds may be formed on combustion.  Hazardous Polymerization May Occur Will Not Occur X  Carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, hydrogen sulfide, acrolein, aldehydes, ketones and unidentified organic compounds may be formed on combustion.  Conditions to Avoid:							
			Section 6 - Healt	h Hazard Data			
Routes of Enti	ry						
	Inhalation	?Yes	Skin?	Yes	Ingestion? Yes		
Health Hazard	ls (Acute and Chror	nic)					
INICESTIONI	No advarga offacts	are avaced fr	om normal ugo. Swallowin	a mou oouoo gootrointootin	al irritation, naugae, vemiting and diarrhag		
		•		· · ·	al irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.		
INHALATION: No adverse effects expected at ambient temperatures. This product is not intended to be heated but if it is vapors released may cause respiratory irritation. At elevated temperatures hydrogen sulfide way be released. The release of hydrogen sulfide gas in various concentrations may cause irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract, headache., dizziness, nausea and drowsiness. Exposure to high concentrations of hydrogen sulfide can cause respiratory arrest and death.							
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	eratures may cause thermal burns.		
SKIN: May ca	use irritation, defatti	ng of the skin a	ind dermatitis. Contact with	n product at elevated temp	eratures may cause thermal burns.		
Carcinogenity		NTP?	IARC Monographs		Regulated?		
No adverse effects expected at ambient temperatures when the product is used as intended. prolonged inhalation of asphalt smoke has been shown to cause bronchitis, pneumonitis and abscess formation in laboratory animals. Asphalt fume condensates have been shown to cause tumorgenic responses when repeatedly applied to the skin of laboratory animals. Asphalt (petroleum, bitumen) is listed by IARC as -'possibly Carcinogenic to Humans", Group 2B.							
	nptoms of Exposure	e:					
See above							
	tions Generally Ago			1:16			
Employees wi	tn pre-existing skin	and respiratory	disorders may be at increa	sea risk from exposure.			
Emergency ar	nd First Aid Procedu	ires	<del></del>	<del> </del>			
attention if irrit attention.	attention if irritation persists. SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If rash or irritation develop, got mediattention						
INGESTION: If conscious, rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get medical attention. INHALATION: If symptom of exposure develop, remove victim to fresh air If breathing is difficult or symptoms persist get immediate medical attention.							
III II AEA THOIL	ii symptom or expe		Cineve violini to neon all il		iptomo persiat get immediate medical attention.		
		Sectio	n 7 - Precautions fo	r Safe Handling and	Use		
Steps to be	taken in case ma	terial is relea	sed or spilled				
Pick up and or scraping		oropriate cont	ainer for disposal. If pro	oduct is becomes molte	en, allow product to cool before picking		
Waste Dispo	osal Method						
Dispose in accordance with state, local and federal environmental regulations.							
Precautions to be taken in handling and storing							
HANDLING: Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. This product is not intended to be heated but if product is heated provide adequate ventilation and avoid breathing vapors and mists. Wash with soap and water after use. STORAGE: Store in a cool, well ventilated area away from excessive heat and sources of ignition.							
Other Preca	utions						



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## **Section 8 - Control Measures**

## Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)

None needed under ambient conditions. For situations where the product is heated, hydrogen sulfide may be released. In such conditions, a NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Gas masks or other air purifying respirators are not recommended for hydrogen sulfide due to its poor odor warning properties. Equipment selection depends on containment type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

riygierie prac	ilce. To firefighting, use self-	contained breathing apparatus.	
Ventilation	Local Exhaust Mechanical (General)	x Where TLV is exceeded	Special Other
Protective Gloves: gloves		Eye Protection:	goggles or safety glasses
Other Protect	tive Clothing or Equipment		
Wear long sla	apped shirt and long pants to a	avoid skin contact. Wash thoroughly after hai	ndling

Work/Hygienic Practices

## EPA Supplier Notification/Environmental:

This trade name product contains no chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Re-authorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR Part 372.

This product contains no ingredients on the list of Extremely Hazardous Substances for SARA Emergency Planning.

Tier I / Tier II Hazard Category (40 CFR 370): Immediate Health Hazard.

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