

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 05/05/2021 Version: 1.0

### **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification Product form Product name

: Mixture

: H.E.R. Polyurethane Roof Sealant

#### Recommended use and restrictions on use 1.2.

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

ITW Polymers and Sealants NA 12055 Cutten Road Houston, TX 77066 T 972-438-9111

#### 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number

: CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800) 424-9300 International: +1 (703) 527-3887

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226	
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	
Serious eye damage/irritation, Category 2	H319	
Respiratory sensitization, Category 1	H334	
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351	
Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335	
Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373	
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 2	H411	

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

### GHS US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



Signal word (GHS US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US)	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
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P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection, protective clothing P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call poison center/doctor/... P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower P304+P341 - IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER, a doctor. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish. P391 - Collect spillage. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1. Substances

#### Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%*
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	10 – 30
Benzene, trimethyl-	(CAS-No.) 25551-13-7	10 – 30
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	(CAS-No.) 95-63-6	10 – 30
Talc	(CAS-No.) 14807-96-6	5 – 10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 108-67-8	1 – 5
Calcium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1305-78-8	1 – 5
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 526-73-8	1 – 5
Cumene	(CAS-No.) 98-82-8	1 – 5
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	1 – 5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]omegahydroxy-	(CAS-No.) 104810-48-2	0.1 – 1
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	(CAS-No.) 41556-26-7	0.1 – 1
Carbamic acid, 1,6-hexanediylbis-, bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] ester	(CAS-No.) 59719-67-4	0.1 – 1
Residual monomers of methylene diisocyanate	(CAS-No.) Mixture*	0 - 0.2

\* In accordance with paragraph (i) of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR §1910.1200), the specific chemical identity or exact weight % has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4	: First-aid	measures
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#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an unconscious person.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention immediately.
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First-aid measures after eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Get medical attention immediately. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects (acute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures			
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable)	. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry powder. Sand.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: If water is used, use very large quantities of cold water. The reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous.		
5.2. Specific hazards arising fr	rom the chemical		
Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapor.		
Explosion hazard	: Avoid fire, sparks, static electricity and hot surfaces. Liquid readily evaporates at room/ambient temperature. Vapors are invisible, flammable, heavier than air, and may accumulate in low areas and spread long distances. Distant ignition and flashback are possible.		
Reactivity	: No data available.		
5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters			
Firefighting instructions	: Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment. Prevent human exposure to fire, fumes, smoke and products of combustion.		
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.		
Other information	: Avoid smoke inhalation.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release mea	asures		
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures		
General measures	<ul> <li>Evacuate area. Keep upwind. Ventilate area. Spill should be handled by trained cleaning personnel properly equipped with respiratory and eye protection.</li> </ul>		

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.	Methods and material for containr	nent and cleaning up
For co	ntainment/cleaning up	: SMALL SPILL: Dike area to contain spill. Take precautions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material on absorbent, such as sawdust or vermiculite, and sweep into closed containers for disposal. After all visible traces, including ignitable vapors, have been removed, thoroughly wet vacuum the area. Do not flush to sewer. If area of spill is porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, etc. as necessary and place in closed containers for disposal. Only those persons who are adequately trained, authorized, and wearing the required personal protective equipment (PPE) should participate in spill response and clean-up.
		LARGE SPILL: Keep spectators away. Only those persons who are adequately trained, authorized and wearing the required personal protective equipment (PPE) should participate in spill response and clean-up. Ventilate the area by natural means or by explosion proof means (i.e. fans). Know and prepare for spill response before using or handling this product. Eliminate all ignition sources (flames, hot surfaces, portable heaters and sources of electrical, static, or frictional sparks). Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquids to covered and labeled metal containers for recovery or disposal, or remove with inert absorbent. Use only non-sparking tools and appropriate PPE. Place absorbent diking materials in covered metal containers for disposal. Prevent contamination of sewers, streams, and groundwater with spilled material or used absorbent.
<b>6.4.</b> See S	Reference to other sections ections 8 and 13.	
SECT	ON 7: Handling and storage	
7.1.	Precautions for safe handling	
Preca	utions for safe handling	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. For professional or industrial use only. Follow label instructions. Keep out of reach of children. Not for consumption. No smoking. Do not breathe vapors. Avoid contact with body. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Empty containers must not be washed and re-used for any purpose. Contact lens wearers must wear protective eye wear around chemical vapors and liquid. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Flammable vapors may cause flash fire or ignite explosively. To prevent build-up of vapors, use adequate natural and/or mechanical ventilation (e.g. open all windows and doors to achieve cross ventilation). Containers may be hazardous when empty. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container. Do not cut, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, sparks, static electricity or other source of ignition. Explosion may occur causing injury or death.
72	Conditions for safe storage inclu	ding any incompatibilities

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	
Storage conditions	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid storing container directly on the floor or against an outside wall.
Maximum storage period	: 6 months at 27.6 °C (80.1 °F)
Storage temperature	: 15.6 – 27.6 °C (60.1 – 80.1 °F)
Special rules on packaging	: Keep only in original container.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

4-4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)			
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.005 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Resp sens	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL C	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	OSHA PEL C [ppm]	0.02 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (64742-95-6)			
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
Benzene, trimethy	/l- (25551-13-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm	

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Benzene, trimethyl-	(25551-13-7)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impair; asthma; hematologic eff	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	25 ppm	
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)			
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenze	ene (108-67-8)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenze	ene (526-73-8)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established	
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established	
Cumene (98-82-8)			
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye, skin, & URT irr; CNS impair	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	50 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- is	omers) (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	100 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT & eye irr; CNS impair	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	100 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL STEL [1]	655 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL STEL [2]	150 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	
Talc (14807-96-6)	1		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	20 mppcf if 1% Quartz or more, use Quartz limit	
Calcium oxide (1305	-78-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018	
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	5 mg/m³	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA	

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Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1- oxopropyl]omegahydroxy- (104810-48-2)				
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH) OELs not established			
OSHA	Remark (OSHA) OELs not established			
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate (41556-26-7)				
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH) OELs not established			
OSHA	Remark (OSHA) OELs not established			
Carbamic acid, 1,6-hexanediylbis-, bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] ester (59719-67-4)				
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH) OELs not established			
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)         OELs not established			

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.

#### Hand protection:

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove supplier.

#### Eye protection:

Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to airborne particles.

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Use NIOSH (or other equivalent national standard) -approved dust/particulate respirator. Where vapor, mist, or dust exceed PELs or other applicable OELs, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Appearance	: Viscous paste	
Color	: Aluminum Gray	
Odor	: Mild aromatic solvent-like	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
рН	: No data available	
Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: 160 °C (320 °F)	
Flash point	: 43.3 °C (110 °F) (Tag closed cup)	

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Relative evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate=1)	: No data available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available			
Vapor pressure	: No data available			
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available			
Relative density	: 0.888			
Density	: 7.4 – 8 lb/gal			
Solubility	: Reacts slowly with water			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available			
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available			
Decomposition temperature	: No data available			
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available			
Viscosity, dynamic	: 120000 – 160000 cP			
Explosive limits	: Lower explosive limit (LEL): 0.9 vol % Upper explosive limit (UEL): 6.5 vol %			
Explosive properties	: No data available			
Oxidising properties	: No data available			
9.2. Other information				
VOC content	: 186.9 g/l (EPA Method 24 VOC) 20% volatile			

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts slowly with water.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur; contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates may cause polymerization.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Moisture.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen cyanide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information				
11.1. Information on toxicologic	al effects			
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified			
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified			
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified			
4-4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanat	e (101-68-8)			
LD50 oral rat	31600 mg/kg			
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	369 mg/m³ 4 h			
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light a	omatic (64742-95-6)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	3400 ppm/4h			
Benzene, trimethyl- (25551-13-7)				
LD50 oral rat	8970 mg/kg			
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)				
LD50 oral rat	3280 mg/kg	3280 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg	> 3160 mg/kg		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)				
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg Vendor SDS	5000 mg/kg Vendor SDS		
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1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	24 g/m³ 4h	
Cumene (98-82-8)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	12300 µl/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 3577 ppm 6 h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg	
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba	cate (41556-26-7)	
LD50 oral rat	2615 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
Cumene (98-82-8)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	
Talc (14807-96-6)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
STOT-single exposure	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Symptoms/effects	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	<ul> <li>May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
	: Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: No information available.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short- term (acute)	: Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long- term (chronic)	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
No additional information available	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
No additional information available	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

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12.5. Other adverse effects	
No additional information available	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Disposal methods	
Waste treatment methods	: Do not discharge to public wastewater systems without permit of pollution control authorities. No discharge to surface waters is allowed without an NPDES permit.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

This mixture meets the requirements for 49 CFR 173.150(f)(1)(2) exemptions and the outer packages of this material would not require transportation labeling.

### Transport by sea (IMDG)

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Benzene, trimethyl-), 3, III
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1993
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5 L
Marine pollutant	: Yes
	NY

#### Air transport (IATA)

Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Contains: Benzene, trimethyl-), 3, III
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1993
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: III - Minor Danger

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### H.E.R. Polyurethane Roof Sealant

 All chemical substances in this product are listed as "Active" in the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) "TSCA Inventory Notification (Active-Inactive) Requirements Rule" ("the Final Rule") of Feb. 2019, as amended Feb. 2021, or are otherwise exempt or regulated by other agencies such as FDA or FIFRA

 SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes
 Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization
Health hazard - Carcinogenicity
Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

### 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.3. US State regulations

A WARNING:

This product can expose you to Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Cumene (98-82-8)	X					
Carbon black (1333- 86-4)	Х					
Methyl carbamate (598-55-0)	Х				160 µg/day	
Toluene (108-88-3)		Х				7000 µg/day
Benzene (71-43-2)	Х	X	X		6.4 μg/day (oral); 13 μg/day (inhalation)	24 µg/day (oral); 49 µg/day (inhalation)

Component	State or local regulations			
4-4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (101-68-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Benzene, trimethyl- (25551-13-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- (95-63-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Cumene (98-82-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances			
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Talc (14807-96-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
Benzene (71-43-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List			
Toluene (108-88-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances			
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List			
Magnesium oxide (1309-48-4)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List			

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Component	State or local regulations
Isobutane (75-28-5)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Propanedioic acid, diethyl ester (105-53-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information	: Author: EMA.
NFPA health hazard	: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard	<ul> <li>2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.</li> </ul>
NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.
HMIS Hazard Rating	
Health	: 2*
	* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flammability	: 2
Physical	: 1

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.