SAFETY DATA SHEET



KLERESEAL 910-W and 920-W

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 IDENTIFICATION of the SUBSTANCE or PREPARATION

KlereSeal 910-W and 920-W None Water-Based Penetrating Masonry Sealer Other than recommended use
Nater-Based Penetrating Masonry Sealer
Other than recommended use
Pecora Corporation
165 Wambold Road, Harleysville, PA 19438
300-424-9300 (CHEMTREC, 24-hours)
215-723-6051 (Mon–Fri, 8 ам–5 рм ЕТ)
February 7, 2021
New
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This product is sold for commercial use. This SDS has been developed to address safety concerns of those individuals working with bulk quantities of this material, as well as those of potential users of this product in industrial/occupational settings.

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 GLOBAL HARMONIZATION LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: Classified in accordance with Global Harmonization Standard under U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, Canadian WHMIS HPR-GHS 2015.

2.1.1 Classification:

Flammable Liquid Category 3, Reproductive Toxicity Cat. 2, Skin Irritation Category 2; Eye Corrosion-Irritation Category 2A; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Inhalation-Respiratory Irritation) Single Exposure Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Ingestion-Optic Nerve) Repeated Exposure Cat. 1

2.1.2 Signal Word: Danger

- 2.1.3 Hazard Statements: H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H370: Causes damage to organs.
- 2.1.4 Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): None known.
- 2.1.5 Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (PHNOC): Static accumulating in a flammable liquid can become electrostatically
- charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
- 2.1.6 Precautionary Statements:
- 2.1.6.1 Prevention:

P203: Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. — No smoking. P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. P242: Use only non-sparking tools. P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261: Avoid breathing mists, sprays, fume. P264: Wash contaminated tissues after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection.

2.6.1.2 Response:

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use materials appropriate for surrounding fire for extinction. Do not use water unless in flooding quantities. P318: If exposed or concerned, get medical advice. P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or instant-acting shower. P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: get medical help. P304 + P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell. P321: Specific treatment (remove from exposure and treat symptoms).

2.6.1.3 Storage:

P403 + P233 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up.

2.6.1.4 Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.1.7 Hazard Symbols/Pictograms: GHS02, GHS07



2.2 Percent of Unknown Acute Toxicity: This product is a mixture; the following are percentages of unknown acute toxicity, by route of exposure. Oral: 40-65% Dermal 40-65%, and Inhalation: 40-65%.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

20-25	Notified Classification: Skin Irritation Cat. 2, Eye Corrosion- Damage Cat. 1 Hazard Statements: : H315:Causes skin irritation. H318: Causes serious eye damage.
10-15	Harmonized Classification: Flammable Liquid Cat. 3, Acute Inhalation Toxicity Cat. 4, Eye Corrosion-Irritation Cat. 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Inhalation-Respiratory Irritation) Single Exposure Cat. 3 Hazard Statements: H226: Flammable liquid and vapor. H332: Harmful if inhaled. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
5-10	Harmonized Classification: Flammable Liquid Cat. 3, Skin Corrosion-Damage Cat. 1 Hazard Statements: H226: Flammable liquid and vapor. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
0.1-0.5	Harmonized Classification: Flammable Liquid Cat. 2, Acute Oral Toxicity Cat. 3, Acute Dermal Toxicity Cat. 3, Acute Inhalation Toxicity Cat. 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Oral-Optic Nerve) Repeated Exposure Cat. 1 Notified Classification: Carcinogen Cat. 2 Self-Classification (based on CA Proposition listing): H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Hazard Statements: H351: Suspected of causing cancer. H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H301 + H311 + H331: Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H370: Causes damage to organs.
Balance	Classification: Not Classified

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

- **4.1 PROTECTION OF FIRST AID RESPONDERS:** Rescuers should not attempt to retrieve victims of exposure to this material without adequate personal protective equipment. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention, if necessary.
- **4.2 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:** Remove victim(s) to fresh air, as quickly as possible. Only trained personnel should administer supplemental oxygen and/or cardio-pulmonary resuscitation, if necessary. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Seek immediate medical attention. Take copy of label and SDS to physician or other
 - **4.2.1 Inhalation:** If aerosols of this material are inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions.

4.2.1.1 GHS Precautionary Statements for Inhalation Exposure: P304 + P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell.

4.2.2 Skin Exposure: If the material contaminates the skin, immediately begin decontamination with running water. Minimum flushing is for 20 minutes. Do not interrupt flushing. Remove exposed or contaminated clothing, taking care not to contaminate eyes. Victim must seek immediate medical attention.

4.2.2.1 GHS Precautionary Statements for Skin Exposure: P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or instant-acting shower. P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention.

4.2.3 Eye Exposure: If this product enters the eyes, open victim's eyes while under gently running water. Use sufficient force to open eyelids. Have victim "roll" eyes. Minimum flushing is for 20 minutes. Do not interrupt flushing.

4.2.3.1 GHS Precautionary Statements for Eye Exposure: P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: get medical help.

4.2.4 Ingestion: If this material is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, unless directly by medical personnel. Have victim rinse mouth with water or give several cupfuls of water, if conscious. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or unable to swallow. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration.

4.2.4.1 GHS Precautionary Statements for Ingestion Exposure: None applicable.

4.3 MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Acute or chronic respiratory or skin conditions may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

4.4 IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, WHETHER ACUTE OR DELAYED: See Sections 2 (Hazard Identification) and 11 (Toxicological Information) for more detailed information.

4.4.1 Acute:

Symptoms/Effects: May be harmful if swallowed, or if inhaled. Irritant to skin, eyes respiratory system. Causes serious eye irritation. All potential effects are dependent on concentration and duration of exposure.

Symptoms/Effects After Inhalation: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Coughing, dry or sore throat, dizziness, headache. Adverse central nervous system effects.

Symptoms/Effects After Skin Contact: Dermatitis, dry skin.

Symptoms/Effects After Eye Contact: Moderate to severe irritation of eye tissue.

Symptoms/Effects After Ingestion: AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES: Central nervous system depression. Headache. Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Disturbances of consciousness.

4.4.2 Chronic:

Symptoms/Effects After Skin Contact: Dermatitis (dry, red skin, itching, cracking of the skin).

Symptoms/Effects After Accidental Ingestion: Possible damage to the optic nerve.

Symptoms/Effects After Accidental Injection/Ingestion/Eye Contact/Inhalation: None known.

4.5 INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT IF NEEDED: Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- **5.1 FLASH POINT:** 25°C (77°F)
- 5.2 AUTOIGNITION: 310°C (590°F)
- 5.3 FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not tested.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (Continued)

5.4 FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use materials appropriate for surrounding materials. ABC extinguishers, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical and flooding quantities of water.

5.5 UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

5.6 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE PRODUCT: Flammable liquid and vapor. Not sensitive to mechanical impact under normal conditions. Vapors may form explosive mixtures in air. Vapors can travel long distances and flashback to ignition source. Closed containers may develop pressure and rupture violently in event of fire or if contaminated with water.

- 5.6.1 Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not Sensitive.
- **5.6.2 Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge:** The vapors of this product may be ignited by static electrical energy.
- **5.7 SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS:** Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural firefighters must wear Self-



NFPA RATING

FLAMMABILITY

3

Hazard Scale: **0** = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate **3** = Serious 4 = Severe

Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. If possible, prevent runoff water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: An accidental release may result in a fire. Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. Eliminate any possible sources of ignition and provide maximum explosion-proof ventilation. Use only non-sparking tools and equipment during the response. The atmosphere must at least 19.5 percent Oxygen before non-emergency personnel can be allowed in the area without Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and fire protection. Avoid contact with water.
- 6.2 **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Responders should wear the level of protection appropriate to the type of chemical released, the amount of the material spilled, and the location where the incident has occurred.
- 6.2.1 Small Spills: For releases of 1 drum or less, Level D Protective Equipment (gloves, chemical resistant apron, boots, and eye protection) should be worn.
- 6.2.2 Large Spills: Minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be rubber gloves, rubber boots, face shield, and Tyvek suit. Minimum level of personal protective equipment for releases in which the level of oxygen is less than 19.5% or is unknown must be Level B: triple-gloves (rubber gloves and nitrile gloves over latex gloves), chemical resistant suit, fire-retardant clothing and boots, hard hat, and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

- 6.3.1 All Spills: Access to the spill area should be restricted. Spread should be limited by gently covering the spill with polypads. Absorb spilled liquid with clay, sand, polypads, or other suitable inert absorbent materials. Due to reactivity of isocyanate components, use of a stabilizer for isocyanates should be considered. All contaminated absorbents and other materials should be placed in an appropriate container and seal. Do not mix with wastes from other materials. Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local procedures (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations). Dispose of recovered material and report spill per regulatory requirements. Remove all residue before decontamination of spill area. Clean spill area with soap and copious amounts of water. Monitor area for combustible vapor levels and confirm levels are below exposure limits given in Section 8 (Exposure Controls-Personal Protection), if applicable, and that levels are below applicable LELs (see Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures) before non-response personnel are allowed into the spill area. Purge equipment with inert gas prior to reuse.
- 6.4 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination. Prevent spill or rinsate from contaminating storm drains, sewers, soil or groundwater. Place all spill residues in a suitable container and seal. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

6.4.1 GHS Precautionary Statements for Environmental Precaution: P273: Avoid release to the environment.

- **6.5 OTHER INFORMATION:** U.S. regulations may require reporting of spills of this material that reach surface waters if a sheen is formed. If necessary, the toll-free phone number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is 1-800-424-8802.
- **6.6 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:** See information in Section 8 (Exposure Controls Personal Protection) and Section 13 (Disposal Considerations) for additional information.

7. HANDLING and STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: As with all chemicals, avoid getting this product ON YOU or IN YOU. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Do not eat or drink while handling this material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors or mist. Do not taste or swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash hands after handling this product. Contaminated clothing needs to be laundered prior to reuse. Keep away from heat and flame. Avoid contact with water. In the event of a spill, follow practices indicated in Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES. Keeping work areas clean is essential. Use work surfaces that can be easily decontaminated. Maintain good personal hygiene.

7. HANDLING and STORAGE (Continued)

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING (continued):

7.1.1 GHS Statements for Safe Handling: P203: Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. — No smoking. P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. P242: Use only non-sparking tools. P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261: Avoid breathing mists, sprays, fume. P264: Wash contaminated tissues after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Material should be stored in secondary containers or in a diked area, as appropriate. Inspect all incoming containers before storage, to ensure containers are properly labeled and not damaged. Containers should be separated from oxidizing materials by a minimum distance of 20 ft. or by a barrier of non-combustible material at least 5 ft. high having a fire-resistance rating of at least 0.5 hours. Storage areas should be made of fire-resistant materials. Local Fire Departments should be notified of the storage of this product on site. Storage and processing areas of this product should be identified with a NFPA 704 placard (diamond) large enough to be seen from a distance. Post warning and "NO SMOKING" signs in storage and use areas, as appropriate. Refer to NFPA 30, *Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code*, for additional information on storage. Have appropriate extinguishing equipment in the storage area (such as sprinkler systems or portable fire extinguishers). Inspect all incoming containers before storage to ensure containers are properly labeled and not damaged. Empty containers may contain residual product; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care. Do not burn, cut, torch, weld, braise, solder, or expose containers to heat or flames. Empty drums may not be used for other purposes. Store container below 27°C (80°F) to avoid possible reactions related to heat and overpressure of containers.

7.2.1 GHŚ Statements for Safe Handling: P403 + P233 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up.

7.3 PRODUCT USE: This product is used as a water-based Penetrating Masonry sealant. Follow all industry standards for use of this product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 EXPOSURE LIMITS/CONTROL PARAMETERS:

8.1.1 Ventilation and Engineering Controls: Use with adequate, explosion proof ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided further in this section.

8.1.2	U.S. Occupational/Workplace Exposure Limits/Guidelines:

Chemical Name	CAS #	Guideline	Value
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	ACGIH TLV TWA ACGIH TLV STEL OSHA PEL TWA NIOSH REL TWA NIOSH REL STEL NIOSH IDLH	10 ppm 15 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm 50 ppm
Ethyl Silicate	78-10-4	ACGIH TLV TWA OSHA PEL TWA NIOSH REL TWA NIOSH REL STEL NIOSH IDLH	10 ppm 100 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm 700 ppm
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH TLV TWA ACGIH TLV STEL OSHA PEL TWA OSHA PEL STEL NIOSH REL TWA NIOSH REL STEL NIOSH IDLH	200 ppm (skin) 250 ppm (skin) 200 ppm Vacated PEL 250 ppm 200 ppm (skin) 250 ppm (skin) 6000 ppm

See Section 16 for Definitions of Terms Used.

8.1.3 Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs): Currently, the following BEI's have been established for components.

CHEMICAL: DETERMINANT	SAMPLING TIME	BEI
Methanol Methanol in urine	• End of Shift	• 15 mg/L

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE): The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132, including the Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), Eye Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.13, the Hand Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.138, and the Foot Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.136), equivalent standards of Canada (including the Canadian CSA Respiratory Standard Z94.4-93-02, the CSA Eye Protection Standard Z94.3-M1982, Industrial Eye and Face Protectors and the Canadian CSA Foot Protection Standard Z195-M1984, *Protective Footwear*). Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection: Use approved safety goggles or safety glasses. If necessary, refer to appropriate regulations.

8.2.2 Skin Protection: Wear chemical impervious gloves (e.g., Nitrile or Neoprene). Use triple gloves for spill response. If necessary, refer to appropriate regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (continued):

8.2.3 Body Protection (continued): Use body protection appropriate for task (e.g., lab coat, coveralls, Tyvek suit). If necessary, refer to the OSHA Technical Manual (Section VII: Personal Protective Equipment) or appropriate Standards of Canada. If a hazard of injury to the feet exists due to falling objects, rolling objects, where objects may pierce the soles of the feet or where employee's feet may be exposed to electrical hazards, use foot protection, as described in appropriate regulations.

8.2.4 Respiratory Protection: If mists or sprays from this product are created during use, use appropriate respiratory protection. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized in appropriate regulations. Oxygen levels below 19.5% are considered IDLH by OSHA. In such atmospheres, use of a full-facepiece pressure/demand SCBA or a full facepiece, supplied air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply is required under appropriate regulations. The following are NIOSH respiratory protective equipment guidelines for the Methanol component, which may present an inhalation hazard are presented for additional assistance in respiratory protective equipment selection.

(gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted organic vapor canister, or any appropriate escape-type, SCBA.

Methanol **Respiratory Protection** Concentration Any Supplied-Air Respirator (SAR). Up to 2000 ppm: Any SAR operated in a continuous-flow mode. Up to 5000 ppm: Any SAR that has a tight-fitting facepiece and is operated in a continuous-flow mode, or any Self-Contained Breathing Up to 6000 ppm: Apparatus SCBA with a full facepiece, or any SAR with a full facepiece. Entry into Unknown Concentrations or IDLH Conditions: Any SCBA that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-Emergency or Planned demand or other positive-pressure mode, or any SAR that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary SCBA operated in pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. Escape: Any appropriate escape-type, SCBA.

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- 9.1 FORM: Liquid.
- **9.2 COLOR:** Clear, pale yellow.
- 9.3 MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture.
- 9.4 MOLECULAR FORMULA: Mixture.
- 9.5 ODOR: Slight.
- 9.6 ODOR THRESHOLD: Not determined.
- **9.7 BOILING POINT:** Not available.
- 9.8 FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.
- 9.9 RELATIVE DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): 0.96
- 9.10 VAPOR DENSITY: (air = 1): > 1
- 9.11 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.
- **9.12 pH:** 5-6
- 9.13 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not available.
- 9.14 OTHER SOLUBILITIES: Not known.
- **9.15** EVAPORATION RATE (nBuAc = 1): Not available.
- 9.16 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC): 318 g/L (<100 g/L when diluted with water)
- **9.17 FLAMMABILITY:** Flammable liquid and vapor.
- 9.18 FLASH POINT: 25°C (77°F)
- 9.19 AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 310°C (590°F)
- 9.20 FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not tested.
- 9.21 PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not determined.
- 9.22 COEFFICIENT WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not available.
- 9.23 VISCOSITY: Not available.

9.24 HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (WARNING PROPERTIES): The odor of this product may act as warning properties in the event of an accidental release.

10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

- 10.1 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: No hazardous reactions expected.
- **10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Stable under normal circumstances of use and handling.
- 10.3 POSSIBILITY OF POLYMERIZATION: Not expected to undergo polymerization.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with incompatible chemicals and exposure to ignition sources, prolonged heating or extreme temperatures.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: This product is not compatible with alkali compounds (lye), strong acids, strong bases, and strong oxidizing agents (e.g., carbon and nitrogen oxides, acrolein), acetaldehyde, 2-aminoethanol, chlorosulfonic acid, ethylene diamine, ethyleneimine, oleum. Due to the presence of acetic acid, this product may attack some kinds of metals, including aluminum and plastics and can dissolve synthetic resins and rubber.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

- 10.6.1 Combustion: Thermal decomposition of this product can generate ammonia, carbon and silicon oxides, alcohols, formaldehydes.
- **10.6.2** Hydrolysis: None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 11.1 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS: The most significant routes of occupational exposure are inhalation and contact with skin and eyes. The symptoms of exposure to this product are as follows:
- Contact with Skin: Causes skin irritation. Depending on the duration of skin contact, skin exposure can cause reddening, 11.1.1 discomfort or irritation.
- Contact with Eyes: Causes serious eve irritation. Brief contact with the liquid or vapors from this product and the eyes can 11.1.1 cause irritation, reddening and watering. Direct contact with the liquid may cause more severe irritation or damage to eye tissue.
- 11.1.2 Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact may cause adverse systemic effects.
- 11.1.3 Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. If swallowed, irritation of the mouth, throat, and other tissues of the gastro-intestinal system can occur, as well as cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Symptoms can include dizziness, vomiting and incoordination. Ingestion of large amounts may cause systemic toxicity. Accidental ingestion of products containing Methanol may lead to severe vision effects, including increased sensitivity to light, blurred vision, and blindness may develop following an 8-24 hour symptom-free period. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration into the lungs after ingestion can pose a serious hazard of chemical and pulmonary edema. Ingestion of large amount may be fatal.
- 11.1.4 Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of vapors, mists, or sprays of this product can moderately to can irritate the tissues of the nose, mouth, throat, and upper respiratory system. Symptoms of exposure may include coughing, sneezing, and difficulty breathing. Inhalation can cause systemic effects, including dizziness, incoordination, nausea and vomiting. High aerosol concentrations could cause inflammation of the lungs (chemical pneumonitis), chemical bronchitis, severe coughing spasms and accumulation of fluid in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which could prove fatal. Symptoms of pulmonary edema may not appear until several hours after exposure and are aggravated by physical exertion.
- 11.1.5 Injection: Accidental injection of this product (e.g., puncture with a contaminated object) may cause burning, redness, and swelling in addition to the wound.
- 11.1.6: Other Effects: None known.
- 11.2 DELAYED and IMMEDIATE EFFECTS and CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT-TERM and LONG-TERM **EXPOSURE:**
- 11.2.1 **Short-Term:** This product may be harmful by inhalation or ingestion. Ingestion may cause damage to the eyes. Eye contact may cause severe irritation. Skin contact and inhalation may be irritating.

Long-Term: Prolonged or chronic skin contact may cause dermatitis. 11.2.2

11.3 TARGET ORGANS:

- Short Term: Skin, eyes, respiratory system, central nervous system. 11.3.1
- Long Term: Skin, respiratory system. 11.3.2

11.4 OVERALL ACUTE TOXICITY ESTIMATES (ATE) FOR PRODUCT:

- 11.4.1 Oral ATE: > 18,000 mg/kg (40-65% unknown)
- 11.4.2 Dermal ATE: > 29,000 mg/kg (40-65% unknown)
- 11.4.3 Inhalation Vapor ATE: > 1000 mg/L (40-65% unknown)

11.5 TOXICITY DATA: The following toxicology data are available for components greater than 1% in concentration. Due to the large amount of data, only human data, LD50 Oral-Rat or Mouse, LD50 Skin-Rat or Mouse, LC50 Inhalation-Rat or Mouse and skin irritation data are provided in this SDS. Contact Pecora for more information.

Acetic Acid: Standard Draize Test (Skin-Human) 50 mg/24 hours: Mild

- TDLo (Inhalation-Human) 816 ppm/3 minutes: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Olfaction): effect, not otherwise specified; Sense Organs and Special Senses (Eye): effect, not otherwise specified; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: other changes
- TDLo (Inhalation-Human) 10 ppm/2 hours: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Olfaction): effect, not otherwise specified
- TDLo (Oral-Human) 1470 µg/kg: Gastrointestinal: changes in structure or function of esophagus, ulceration or bleeding from small intestine, ulceration or bleeding from large intestine
- TDLo (Rectal-Human) 281 µL/kg: Gastrointestinal: alteration in gastric secretion; Liver: liver function tests impaired; Kidney/Ureter/Bladder: changes in tubules (including acute renal failure, acute tubular necrosis)
- LDLo (Unreported-Man) 308 mg/kg
- IC50 (In vitro-Human-Liver Tumor) 57 mmol/L/24 hours: In Vitro Toxicity Studies: cell protein synthesis

Standard Draize Test (Skin-Rabbit) 50 mg/24 hours: Mild Open Irritation Test (Skin-Rabbit) 525 mg: Severe

Acetic Acid: Rinsed with Water (Eye-Rabbit) 5 mg/30 seconds: Mild

LC₅₀ (Inhalation-Rat) 11,000 mg/m³/4 hours

- LC₅₀ (Inhalation-Mouse) 5620 ppm/1 hour: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Eye): conjunctive irritation, effect, not otherwise specified; Blood: other changes
- LC50 (Inhalation-Mouse) 5620 ppm/1 hour
- LD50 (Oral-Rat) 3310 mg/kg
- LD₅₀ (Oral-Mouse) 4960 mg/kg
- LD₅₀ (Skin-Rabbit) 1060 mg/kg
- Ethvl Silicate:
- Standard Draize Test (Eye-Human) 3000 ppm
- Standard Draize Test (Skin-Rabbit) 500 mg/24 hours: Moderate
- Standard Draize Test (Eye-Rabbit) 100 mg: Mild
- Standard Draize Test (Eye-Rabbit) 500 mg/24 hours: Mild
- Standard Draize Test (Eye-Guinea Pig) 2500 ppm/2 hours: Severe
- LD50 (Oral-Rat) 6270 mg/kg
- LD₅₀ (Skin-Rat) 6300 µL/kg
- LC₅₀ (Inhalation-Mouse) 30 gm/m³: Behavioral: ataxia; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: acute pulmonary edema; Gastrointestinal: changes in structure or function of salivary glands

11.6 CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL: No component has currently been listed as considered to be or suspected to be a carcinogen by agencies tracking the carcinogenic potential of chemical compounds.

- Additional Information on Carcinogenic Potential: A well-conducted oral study using rats suggests that methanol may be carcinogenic, but further studies are required before firm conclusions can be drawn. Limited inhalation studies using mice, rats and monkeys have not shown carcinogenicity. Rats (100/sex/group) were given 0, 500, 5000 or 20000 ppm methanol (99.8% purity) in their drinking water for 104 weeks. Estimated doses are 0, 50, 500 or 2000 mg/kg/day. There was a dose-related increase in total malignant tumors in treated males and females, which was significant at 2000 mg/kg/day. At 2000 mg/kg/day, there were significant increases in carcinomas of the head and neck, testicular tumors and uterine sarcomas. There was also a dose-related increase in bone cancer, lymphoma and leukemia, however statistical significance was not reached. In other studies, mice, rats and monkeys were exposed by inhalation to 10-1000 ppm methanol for 20-22 hours/day for 18-30 months. No evidence of carcinogenicity was found in any species. In a skin carcinogenicity study, methanol was used as the solvent control. Mice were exposed to 25 microliters of methanol twice weekly for 50 weeks. No evidence of carcinogenicity was observed.
- 11.5 IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: This product is irritating by all routes of exposure. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure, eye exposure may be severe.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

11.6 SENSITIZATION TO THE PRODUCT:

11.6.1 Skin Sensitization: No component is reported to cause skin sensitization in humans. Animal data do not indicate sensitization effects.

11.6.2 Respiratory Sensitization: No component is reported to cause respiratory sensitization in humans. Animal data do not indicate sensitization effects.

11.7 TOXICOLOGICAL SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: In animals, high concentrations of methanol can increase the toxicity of other chemicals, particularly liver toxins like carbon tetrachloride. Ethanol significantly decreases the toxicity of methanol, because it competes for the same metabolic enzymes, and has been used to treat methanol poisoning.

11.8 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: This product has not been tested for reproductive toxicity. The following information is available for some components.

11.8.1 Mutagenicity: No human data found. The following information animal data available for components and do not indicate mutagenic effects.

Methanol: There is insufficient information available to conclude that methanol is mutagenic. A positive result was obtained in a limited oral study in mice, however other oral and inhalation studies in live rats and mice have given negative results. Mostly negative results have been obtained in cultured mammalian cells, bacteria and fruit flies (Drosophila).

11.8.2 Embryotoxicity/Teratogenicity:

Methanol: Methanol has produced fetotoxicity in rats and teratogenicity in mice exposed by inhalation to high concentrations that did not produce significant maternal toxicity.

11.8.3 Reproductive Toxicity: Although animal some data indicate possible reproductive effects in tests of the Methanol component, the test data do not currently meet the criteria under GHS to classify it as a reproductive toxin. However, the State of California has listed Methanol on its Proposition 65 lists as a developmental toxin. No data are found for potential effects on fertility or other reproductive toxicity for other components.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

12.1 MOBILITY: This product has not been tested for mobility in soil. The following information is available for components. **Acetic Acid:** Koc values ranging from 1 to 228 suggest that Acetic Acid is expected to have very high to moderate mobility in soil.

Ethyl Silicate: Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices, the Koc can be estimated to be 1. According to a classification scheme, this estimated Koc value suggests that this compound is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND BIODEGRADABILITY: This product has not been tested for persistence or biodegradability. The following information is available for some main components.

Acetic Acid: If released to air, a vapor pressure of 15.7 mm Hg at 25°C indicates Acetic Acid will exist solely as a vapor in the ambient atmosphere. Vapor-phase Acetic Acid will be degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be 22 days. Acetic acid is expected to volatilize from the soil and will biodegrade readily under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions. If released into water, Acetic Acid is not expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment based upon the Koc values. Acetic acid is expected to exist in the dissociated form in the environment and therefore volatilization from water surfaces is not expected to be an important fate process. Hydrolysis is not expected to be an important environmental fate process since this compound lacks functional groups that hydrolyze under environmental conditions.

Ethyl Silicate: If released to air, a vapor pressure of 1.88 mm Hg at 25°C indicates this compound will exist solely in the vapor phase in the atmosphere. This compound will rapidly volatilize from soil and water.

12.3 BIO-ACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: This product has not been tested for bio-accumulation potential. The following information is available for components.

Acetic Acid: An estimated BCF of 3.2 was calculated for Acetic Acid, using a log Kow of -0.71 and a regression-derived equation. According to a classification scheme, this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low

Ethyl Silicate: An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated for this compound, using an estimated log Kow of 0.04(1) and a regression-derived equation. According to a classification scheme, this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low.

12.4 ECOTOXICITY: This product has not been tested for aquatic or animal toxicity. All release to terrestrial, atmospheric and aquatic environments should be avoided. The following aquatic toxicity are available for main components.

Acetic Acid:

 LC_{50} (Lepomis macrochirus Bluegill sunfish) 96 hours = 75 mg/L

EC₅₀ (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* green algae) 72 hours: > 300 mg/L

EC₅₀ (Daphnia magna) 24 hours = 6,000 mg/L

Ethyl Silicate: EC₅₀ (Daphnia magna Water flea) 48 hours: > 75 mg/L

EC₅₀ (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata green algae) 72 hours: > 22 mg/L

LC50 (Brachydanio reiro Zebra fish) 96 hours: > 245 mg/L

12.5 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This product is not expected to have any ozone depletion potential.

12.6 ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES: No component has shown or is known to cause endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 PREPARING WASTES FOR DISPOSAL: As supplied, this product is a hazardous waste as defined by U.S. federal regulation (40 CFR 261) if discarded or disposed. State and local regulations may differ from federal regulations. The generator of the waste is responsible for proper waste determination and management.

13.1 GHS Statements for Preparing Wastes for Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents of containers in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

13.2 U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: Wastes of this product should be tested to see if they meet the criteria of D001 (Ignitability characteristic).

14.1 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT): Per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101. UN Identification Number: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. Proper Shipping Name: 7 (Finnmable) Packing Group: PG III DOT Label(s) Required: Class 3 (Flammable) North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number (2020): 128 Marine Pollutant: No component is listed as a Marine Pollutant (as defined by 49 CFR 172.101. 14.2.1 14.2.1 TRANSPORT CANADA TRANSPORTATION OF DAVEEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS (TDG): Per regulations of Transport Canada. UN 1993 VI Identification Number: UN 1993 Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. Hazard Class Number and Description: 3 (Flammable) Packing Group: PG III Hazard Class Number and Description: 16, 150 Packing Group: PG III Hazard Class Number and Description: 16, 150 Packing Group: PG III Hazard Class Number and Description: 16, 150 Packing Group: PG III Hazard Class Or and Description: 16, 150 Packing Group: Flammable IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION				
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EmS:F-E, S-EStowage Category:Category A.Segregation:None.	Tanks:	Instructions: T2; Provisions: TP1			
Stowage Category: Category A. Segregation: None.	EmS:				
Segregation: None.					

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 U.S. REGULATIONS:

15.1.1 U.S. SARA Reporting Requirements: The following components of this product are subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304, and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

CHEMICAL	SECTION 302 EHS (TPQ) (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)	SECTION 304 RQ (40 CFR Table 302.4)	SECTION 313 TRI (threshold) (40 CFR 372.65)
Methanol	No	No	Yes

15.1.2 U.S. SARA Hazard Categories (Section 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21): ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: Yes; FIRE: Yes; REACTIVE: No: SUDDEN RELEASE: No

15.1.3 U.S. TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

15.1.4 U.S. CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): Acetic Acid: 5000 lb (2275 kg); Methanol: 5000 lb (2275 kg)

15.1.5 U.S. Clean Air Act (CA 112r) Threshold Quantity (TQ): None applicable.

15.1.6 U.S. Clean Water Act Requirements: None applicable.

California Safe Drinking Water And Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): Methanol is listed on the California Proposition 15.1.7 Lists as a developmental toxin. WARNING: This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to P65Warnings.ca.gov. In addition, to the warning text provided above, the following symbol must be displayed. Where the sign, label or shelf tag for the product is not printed using the color yellow, the symbol may be printed in black and white. The symbol shall be placed to the left of the text of the warning, in a size no smaller than the height of the word "WARNING".



15.2 CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

15.2.1 Canadian DSL/NDSL Inventory Status: The components of this product are on the DSL Inventory.

- Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) Priorities Substances Lists: None applicable. 15.2.2
- Canadian WHMIS (HPR-GHS) 2015 Classification and Symbols: See Section 16 in Classification and Symbols under HPR-15.2.3 GHS 2015.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS®) 16.1

Health	1*	See Section 16 for definitions of ratings	
Flammability	3	0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate	3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic
Physical Hazard	0		

HMIS® is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Association.

16.2 REFERENCES AND DATA SOURCES: Contact the supplier for information.

- METHODS OF EVALUATING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION: Bridging principles were used to classify this 16.3 product.
- DATE OF PREPARATION: February 7, 2021 16.4

16.5 **REVISION DETAILS: New.**

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES 16.6

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DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on an SDS. Some of these, which are commonly used, include the following: **KEY ACRONYMS: KEY ACRONYMS (continued):**

CHEMTREC: Chemical Transportation Emergency Center, a 24-hour emergency information and/or emergency assistance to emergency responders. CEILING LEVEL: The concentration that shall not be exceeded during any part of the working

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health. This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury

LOQ: Limit of Quantitation. NE: Not Established. When no exposure guidelines are established, an entry of NE is made for

reference.

NIC: Notice of Intended Change. NIOSH CEILING: The exposure that shall not be exceeded during any part of the workday. If instantaneous monitoring is not feasible, the ceiling shall be assumed as a 15-minute TWA exposure (unless otherwise specified) that shall not be exceeded at any time during a workday. NIOSH RELs: NIOSH's Recommended Exposure Limits.

PEL: OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits. This exposure value means exactly the same as a TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June 1993 Air Contaminants Rule (Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase, "Vacated 1989 PEL" is placed next to the PEL that was vacated by Court Order.

SKIN: Used when a there is a danger of cutaneous absorption. STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit, usually a 15-minute time-weighted average (TWA) exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the 8-hr TWA is within the TLV-TWA, PEL-TWA or REL-TWA.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value. An airborne concentration of a substance that represents conditions under which it is generally believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour.

TWA: Time Weighted Average exposure concentration for a conventional 8-hr (TLV, PEL) or up to a 10-hr (REL) workday and a 40-hr workweek.

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits from the AIHA.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM HAZARD RATINGS: This rating system was developed by the National Paint and Coating Association and has been adopted by industry to identify the degree of chemical hazards.

HEALTH HAZARD: 0 Minimal Hazard: No significant health risk, irritation of skin or eyes not anticipated. Skin Irritation: Essentially non-irritating. Mechanical irritation may occur. PII or Draize = 0. Eye Irritation: Essentially non-irritating, minimal effects clearing in < 24 hours. Mechanical irritation The product of the standard information of the standard dermatitis. Skin Irritation: Slightly or mildly irritating. PII or Draize > 0 < 5. Eye Irritation: Slightly to mildly irritating, but reversible within 7 days. Draize > 0 \leq 25. Oral Toxicity LD₅₀ Rat. > 500–5000 mg/kg. Dermal Toxicity LD50 Rat or Rabbit. > 1000-2000 mg/kg. Inhalation Toxicity LC50 4-hrs Rat. > 2-20 mg/L

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS (Continued)

(continued):

HEALTH HAZARD (continued): 2 Moderate Hazard: Temporary or transitory injury may occur; prolonged exposure may affect the CNS. Skin Irritation: Moderately irritating; primary irritant; sensitizer. PII or Draize ≥ 5, with no destruction of dermal tissue. Eye Irritation: Moderately to severely irritating; reversible corneal opacity; corneal involvement or irritation clearing in 8-21 days. Draize = 26–100, with reversible effects. Oral Toxicity LD₅₀ Rat. > 50–500 mg/kg. Dermal Toxicity LD₅₀ Rat or Rabbit. > 200–1000 mg/kg. Inhalation Toxicity LC₅₀ 4-hrs Rat. > 0.5–2 mg/L. 3 Serious Hazard: Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given; high level of toxicity; corrosive. Skin Irritation: Severely irritating and/or corrosive; may cause destruction of dermal tissue, skin burns, and dermal necrosis. PII or Draize > 5-8, with destruction of tissue. Eye Irritation: Corrosive, irreversible destruction of ocular tissue; corneal involvement or irritation persisting for more than 21 days. Draize > 80 with effects irreversible in 21 days. Oral Toxicity LD₅₀ Rat. > 1–50 mg/kg. Dermal Toxicity LD₅₀ Rat or Rabbit: > 20-200 mg/kg. Inhalation Toxicity LC₅₀ 4-hrs Rat: > 0.05-0.5 mg/L. 4 <u>Severe Hazard</u>: Life-threatening; major or permanent damage may result from single or repeated exposure; extremely toxic; irreversible injury may result from brief contact. *Skin Irritation*: The peaked exposure, externely toxic, here the version of minimum transmission alone. Every first one contract, saw in minimum terms of the peaked exposure, externely toxic, has do not rate as a 4, based on exist in triatation alone. Every the peaked externely the peaked externel the peaked externely the peaked externely

pre-heated before ignition can occur. Material requires considerable pre-heating, under all ambient temperature conditions before ignition and combustion can occur. This usually includes the following: Materials that will burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 815.5°C (1500°F) for a period of 5 minutes or less; Liquids, solids and semisolids having a flash point at or above 93.3°C (200°F) (e.g., OSHA Class IIIB); and Most ordinary combustible materials (e.g., wood, paper, etc.). 2 <u>Moderate</u> <u>Hazard</u>: Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur. Materials in this degree would not, under normal conditions, form hazardous atmospheres in air, but under high ambient temperatures or moderate heating may release vapor in sufficient quantities to produce hazardous atmospheres with air. This usually includes the following: Liquids having a flash-point at or above 37.8°C (100°F); Solid materials in the form of course dusts that may burn rapidly but that generally do not form explosive atmospheres; Solid materials in a fibrous or shredded form that may burn rapidly and create flash fire hazards (e.g., cotton, sisal, hemp); and Solids and semisolids (e.g., viscous and slow flowing as asphalt) that readily give off flammable vapors. 3 Serious Hazard: Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Materials in this degree produce hazardous atmospheres with air under almost all ambient temperatures, or, unaffected by ambient temperature, are readily ignited under almost all conditions. This usually includes the following: Liquids having a flash point below 22.8°C (73°F) and having a boiling point at or above 38°C (100°F) and those liquids having a flash point at or above 22.8°C (73°F) and below 37.8°C (100°F) (e.g., OSHA Class IB and IC); Materials that on account of their physical form or environmental conditions can form explosive mixtures with air and are readily dispersed in air (e.g., dusts of combustible solids, mists or droplets of flammable liquids); and Materials that burn extremely rapidly, usually by reason of self-contained oxygen (e.g. dry nitrocellulose and many organic peroxides). 4 Severe Hazard: Materials that will rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air, and that will burn readily. This usually includes the following: Flammable gases; Flammable cryogenic materials; Any liquid or gaseous material that is liquid while under pressure and has a flash point below 22.8°C (73°F) and a boiling point below 37.8°C (100°F) (e.g., OSHA Class IA); and Materials that ignite spontaneously when exposed to air at a temperature of 54.4°C (130°F) or below (pyrophoric).

PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0 Water Reactivity. Materials that do not react with water. Organic Peroxides: Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions and will not react with water. Explosives: Substances that are Non-Explosive. Compressed Gases: No Rating. Pyrophorics: No Rating. Oxidizers: No 0 rating. Unstable Reactives: Substances that will not polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react.). 1 Water Reactivity: Materials that change or decompose upon exposure to moisture. Organic Peroxides: Materials These materials may react with water but will not release energy violently. that are normally stable but can become unstable at high temperatures and pressures. Explosives: Division 1.5 & 1.6 explosives. Substances that are very insensitive explosives or that do not have a mass explosion hazard. Compressed Gases: Pressure below OSHA definition. Pyrophorics: No Rating. Oxidizers: Packaging Group III oxidizers; Solids: any material that in either concentration tested, exhibits a mean burning time less than or equal to the mean burning time of a 3.7 potassium bromate/cellulose mixture and the criteria for Packing Group I and II are not met. Liquids: any material that exhibits a mean pressure rise time less than or equal to the pressure rise time of a 1:1 nitric acid (65%)/cellulose mixture and the criteria for Packing Group I and II are not met. Unstable Reactives: Substances that may decompose condense, or self-react, but only under conditions of high temperature and/or pressure and have little or no potential to cause significant heat generation or explosion hazard. Substances that readily undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors. 2 Water Reactivity: Materials that may react violently with water. Organic Peroxides: Materials that, in themselves, are normally unstable and will readily undergo violent chemical change but will not detonate. These materials may also react violently with water. Explosives: Division 1.4 explosives. Explosive substances where the explosive effects are largely confined to the package and no projection of fragments of appreciable size or range are expected. An external fire must not cause virtually instantaneous explosion of almost the entire contents of the package. Compressed Gases Pressurized and meet OSHA definition but < 514.7 psi absolute at 21.1°C (70°F) [500 psig]. Pyrophorics: No Rating. Oxidizers: Packing Group II oxidizers. Solids: any material that, either in concentration tested, exhibits a mean burning time of less than or equal to the mean burning time of a 2:3 potassium bromate/cellulose mixture and the criteria for Packing Group I are not met. Liquids: any material that exhibits a mean pressure rise time less than or equal to the pressure rise of a 1:1 aqueous sodium chlorate solution (40%)/cellulose mixture and the criteria for Packing Group I are not met. Reactives: Substances that may polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react at ambient temperature and/or pressure, but have a low potential (or low risk) for significant heat generation or explosion. Substances that readily form peroxides upon exposure to air or oxygen at room temperature. **3** Water Reactivity: Materials that may form explosive reactions with water. Organic Peroxides: Materials that are capable of detonation or explosive reaction but require a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation; or materials that react explosively with water. Explosives: Division 1.3 explosives. Explosive substances that have a fire hazard and either a minor blast hazard or a minor projection hazard or both, but do not have a mass explosion hazard. Compressed Gases: Pressure ≥ 514.7 psi absolute at 21.1°C (70°F) [500 psig]. Pyrophorics: No Rating. Oxidizers: Packing Group I oxidizers. Solids: any material that, in either concentration tested, exhibits a mean burning time less than the mean burning time of a 3:2 potassium bromate/cellulose mixture

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM HAZARD RATINGS HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM HAZARD RATINGS (continued):

PHYSICAL HAZARD (continued): 3 (continued): Liquids: any material that spontaneously ignites when mixed with cellulose in a 1:1 ratio, or which exhibits a mean pressure rise time less than the pressure rise time of a 1:1 perchloric acid (50%)/cellulose mixture. Unstable Reactives: Substances that may polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react at ambient temperature and/or pressure and have a moderate potential (or moderate risk) to cause significant heat generation or explosion. 4 Water Reactivity: Materials that react explosively with water without requiring heat or confinement. Organic Peroxides: Materials that are readily capable of detonation or explosive decomposition at normal temperature and pressures. Explosives: Division 1.1 & 1.2 explosives. Explosive substances that have a mass explosion hazard or have a projection hazard. A mass explosion is one that affects almost the entire load instantaneously. *Compressed Gases*: No Rating. *Pyrophorics*: Add to the definition of Flammability 4. *Oxidizers*: No 4 rating. *Unstable Reactives*: Substances that may polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react at ambient temperature and/or pressure and have a high potential (or high risk) to cause significant heat generation or explosion. Pyrophorics: Add to the definition of Flammability 4. Oxidizers: No 4 rating. Unstable Reactives: Substances that may polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react at ambient temperature and/or pressure and have a high potential (or high risk) to cause significant heat generation or explosion.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION HAZARD RATINGS:

HEALTH HAZARD: 0 Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials. Gases and vapors with an LC50 for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 10,000 ppm. Dusts and mists with an LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 200 mg/L. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute dermal toxicity greater than 2000 mg/kg. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute oral toxicity greater than 2000 mg/kg. Materials essentially non-irritating to the respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. 1 Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation. Gases and vapors with an LC50 for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 5,000 ppm but less than or equal to 10,000 ppm. Dusts and mists with an LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 10 mg/L but less than or equal to 200 mg/L. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute dermal toxicity greater than 1000 mg/kg but less than or equal to 2000 mg/kg. Materials that slightly to moderately irritate the respiratory tract, seves and skin. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute oral toxicity greater than 500 mg/kg but less than or equal to 2000 mg/kg. **2** Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury. Gases with an LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 3,000 pm but less than or equal to 5,000 ppm. Any liquid whose saturated vapor concentration at 20°C (68°F) is equal to or greater than one-fifth its LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity, if its LC₅₀ less than or acute the content of the sevent the criteria for criteria degree of here of here of a content of a redere of or equal to 5000 ppm and that does not meet the criteria for either degree of hazard 3 or degree of hazard 4. Dusts and mists with an LC50 for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 2 mg/L but less than or equal to 10 mg/L. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute dernal toxicity greater than 200 mg/kg but less than or equal to 1000 mg/kg. Compressed liquefied gases with boiling points between -30°C (-22°F) and -55°C (-66.5°F) that cause severe tissue damage, depending on duration of exposure. Materials that are respiratory irritants. Materials that cause severe, but reversible irritation to the eyes or are lachrymators. Materials that are primary skin irritants or sensitizers. Materials whose LD₅₀ for acute oral toxicity is greater than 50 mg/kg but less than or equal to 500 mg/kg. 3 Materials that, under to a toxicity of platter that a mark in the second nists with an LC_{50} for acute inhalation toxicity greater than 0.5 mg/L but less than or equal to 2 mg/L Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute dermal toxicity greater than 40 mg/kg but less than or equal to 200 mg/kg. Materials that are corrosive to the respiratory tract. Materials that are corrosive to the eyes or Ingrag, waterials that are considered to the spinalody that, waterials that are considered in the syst of cause irreversible correctly. Materials corrosive to the skin. Cryogenic gases that cause frostbite and irreversible tissue damage. Compressed liquefied gases with boiling points below -55°°C (-66.5°F) that cause frostbite and irreversible tissue damage. Materials with an LD₅₀ for acute oral toxicity greater than 5 mg/kg but less than or equal to 50 mg/kg. 4 Materials that, under emergency conditions, can be lethal. Gases with an LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity less than or equal to 1,000 ppm. Any liquid whose saturated vapor concentration at $20^{\circ}C$ (68°F) is equal to or greater than ten times its LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity, if its LC₅₀ is less than or equal to 1000 ppm. Dusts and mists whose LC₅₀ for acute inhalation toxicity is less than or equal to 0.5 mg/L. Materials whose LD₅₀ for acute dermal toxicity is less than or equal to 40 mg/kg. Materials whose LD₅₀ for acute oral toxicity is less than or equal to 5 mg/kg.

LAMMABILITY HAZARD: 0 Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 816°C (1500°F) for a period of 5 minutes in according with Annex D of NFPA 704. 1 Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur. Materials in this degree require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur: Materials that will burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 816°C (1500°F) for a period of 5 minutes in according with Annex D of NFPA 704. Liquids, solids, and semisolids having a flash point at or above 93.4°C (200°F) (e.g., Class IIIB liquids). Liquids with a flash point greater than 35°C (95°F) that do not sustain combustion when tested using the Method of Testing for Sustained Combustibility, per 49 CFR 173, Appendix H or the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations (current edition) and the related Manual of Tests and Criteria (current edition). Liquids with a flash point greater than 35°C (95°F) in a water-miscible solution or dispersion with a water non-combustible liquid/solid content of more than 85% by weight. Liquids that have no fire point when tested by ASTM D 92, Standard Test Method for Flash and Fire Points by Cleveland Open Cup, up to the boiling point of the liquid or up to a temperature at which the sample being tested shows an obvious physical change. Combustible pellets with a representative diameter of greater than 2 mm (10 mesh). Most ordinary combustible materials. Solids containing greater than 0.5% by weight of a flammable or combustible solvent are rated by the closed cup flash point of the solvent. 2 Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur. Materials in this degree would not under normal conditions form hazardous atmospheres with air, but under high ambient temperatures or under moderate heating could release vapor in sufficient quantities to produce hazardous atmospheres with air. Liquids having a flash point at or above 37.8°C (100°F) and below 93.4°C (200°F) (e.g., Class II and Class IIIA liquids.) Solid materials in the form of powders or coarse dusts of representative diameter between 420 microns (40 mesh) and 2 mm (10 mesh) that burn rapidly but that generally do not form explosive mixtures with air. Solid materials in fibrous or shredded form that burn rapidly and create flash fire hazards, such as cotton, sisal, and hemp. Solids and semisolids that readily give off flammable vapors. Solids containing greater than 0.5% by weight of a flammable or combustible solvent are rated by the closed cup flash point of the solvent.

16. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS (Continued)

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION HAZARD RATINGS (continued): FLAMMABILITY HAZARD (continued): 3 Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Materials in this degree produce hazardous atmospheres with air under almost all ambient temperatures or, though unaffected by ambient temperatures, are readily inited under almost all another temperatures or, indugri unantected by antibert temperatures, are readily ignited under almost all conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8°C (73°F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8°C (100°F) and those liquids having a flash point at or above 22.8°C (73°F) and below 37.8°C (100°F) (e.g., Class IB and IC liquids). Materials that on account of their physical form or environmental conditions can form explosive mixtures with air and are readily dispersed in air. Flammable or combustible dusts with representative diameter less than 420 microns (40 mesh). Materials that burn with extreme rapidity, usually by reason of self-contained oxygen (e.g., dry nitrocellulose and many organic peroxides). Solids containing greater than 0.5% by weight of a flammable or combustible solvent are rated by the closed cup flash point of the solvent. **4** Materials that will rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and will burn readily. Flammable gases. Flammable cryogenic materials. Any liquid or gaseous materials that is liquid while under pressure and has a flash point below 22.8°C (73°F) and a boiling point below 37.8°C (100°F) (e.g., Class IA liquids). Materials that ignite when exposed to air, Solids containing greater than 0.5% by weight of a flammable or combustible solvent are rated by the closed cup flash point of the solvent. INSTABILITY HAZARD: 0 Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

conditions. Materials that have an instantaneous power density (product of heat of reaction and reaction rate) at 250°C (482°F) below 0.01 W/mL. Materials that do not exhibit an exotherm at temperatures less than or equal to 500°C (932°F) when tested by differential scanning calorimetry. 1 Materials that in themselves are normally stable, but that can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures. Materials that have an instantaneous power density (product of heat of reaction and reaction rate) at 250°C (482°F) at or above 0.01 W/mL and below 10 W/mL. 2 Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures. Materials that have an instantaneous power density (product of heat of reaction and reaction rate) at 250°C (482°F) at or above 10 W/mL and below 100W/mL. **3** Materials that in themselves are capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction, but that require a strong initiating source or that must be heated under confinement before initiation. Materials that have an estimated instantaneous power density (product of heat of reaction and reaction rate) at 250°C (482°F) at or above 100 W/mL and below 1000 W/mL. Materials that are sensitive to thermal or mechanical shock at elevated temperatures and pressures. 4 Materials that in themselves are readily capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction at normal temperatures and pressures. Materials that are sensitive to localized thermal or mechanical shock at normal temperatures and pressures. Materials that have an estimated instantaneous power density (product of heat of reaction and reaction rate) at 250°C (482°F) of 1000 W/mL or greater.

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:

Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). Flash Point: Minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapor to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid or within the test vessel used. Autoignition Temperature: Minimum temperature of a solid, liquid, or gas required to initiate or cause self-sustained combustion in air with no other source of ignition. <u>LEL</u>: Lowest concentration of a flammable vapor or gas/air mixture that will ignite and burn with a flame. <u>UEL</u>: Highest concentration of a flammable vapor or gas/air mixture that will ignite and burn with a flame

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Human and Animal Toxicology: Possible health hazards as derived from human data, animal studies, or from the results of studies with similar compounds are presented. <u>LD₅₀</u>. Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) that kills 50% of the exposed animals. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration (gases) that kills 50% of the exposed animals. ppm: Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water. mg/m3. Concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air. mg/kg: Quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg. <u>IDLo:</u> Lowest dose to cause a symptom. <u>ICLo</u>: Lowest concentration to cause a symptom. <u>IDLo</u>: <u>LDLo</u>, and <u>LDo</u>, or <u>TC</u>, <u>TCo</u>, <u>LCLo</u>, and <u>LCo</u>: Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects

Cancer Information: <u>IARC</u>: International Agency for Research on Cancer. <u>NTP</u>: National Toxicology Program. <u>RTECS</u>: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Subrankings (2A, 2B, etc.) are also used. Other Information: <u>BEI</u>: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker who has been exposed to chemicals to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV.

REPRODUCTIVE INFORMATION:

A <u>mutagen</u> is a chemical that causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate through generational lines. An embryotoxin is a chemical that causes damage to a developing embryo (e.g., within the first eight weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A teratogen is a chemical that causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A reproductive toxin is any substance that interferes in any way with the reproductive process. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

EC: Effect concentration in water. BCF: Bioconcentration Factor, which is used to determine if a substance will concentrate in life forms that consume contaminated plant or animal matter. TLm: Median threshold limit. log Kow or log Koc: Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution is used to assess a substance's behavior in the environmer

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

U.S.

EPA: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association that establishes exposure limits. <u>OSHA</u>: U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration. <u>NIOSH</u>: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of OSHA. DOT: U.S. Department of Transportation. TC: Transport Canada. <u>SARA</u>: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. <u>TSCA</u>: U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act. <u>CERCLA</u>: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act. Marine Pollutant status according to the DOT; CERCLA or Superfund; and various state regulations. This section also includes information on the precautionary warnings that appear on the material's package label

CANADA:

WHMIS: Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System. TC: Transport Canada. DSL/NDSL: Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substances List.